Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but



is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
 risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

North Bay, Ontario May 5, 2021

Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Financial Position

December 31		2020	2019
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	125,672 \$	100,815
Accounts receivable (Note 3)		57,780	55,897
		183,452	156,712
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue		50,145 -	25,544 5,373
Net financial assets	_	133,307	125,795
Non-financial assets			
Prepaid expenses		_	858
Tangible capital assets (Note 6)		59,531	42,960
		59,531	43,818
Accumulated surplus (Note 5)	\$	192,838 \$	169,613

Uncertainity due to COVID-19 (Note 8)

On behalf of the Board:	
	Director
	Director

Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended December 31	2020 Budget	2020 Actual	2019 Actual	
Revenues				
Corporation of the City of North Bay Tax levy Tax supplementary (write-offs)	\$	142,176 \$ (1,000)	142,177 \$ (3,297)	138,643 (1,717)
		141,176	138,880	136,926
Beautification Grant Government grants Marketing, fundraising and other		25,000 31,500 16,460	40,241 - 19,070	37,668 8,425 32,850
		214,136	198,191	215,869
Expenses (Note 7)				
Administration		102,436	62,860	78,521
Marketing Economic development		69,200	45,506 -	49,202 87
Beautification		42,500	66,600	20,320
		214,136	174,966	148,130
Annual surplus		-	23,225	67,739
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		169,613	169,613	101,874
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	169,613 \$	192,838 \$	169,613

Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

For the year ended December 31	2020	2019
Annual surplus	\$ 23,225 \$	67,739
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	 (24,651) 8,080	(42,001) 4,527
	 6,654	30,265
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	 - 858	(858) 651
	 858	(207)
Net change in net financial assets	7,512	30,058
Net financial assets, beginning of year	 125,795	95,737
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 133,307 \$	125,795

Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31	2020	2019
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating transactions Annual surplus for the year	\$ 23,225 \$	67,739
Items not involving cash Amortization of tangible capital assets	 8,080	4,527
Changes in non-cash working capital balances	31,305	72,266
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(1,883) 858	(42,706) (207)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	 24,601 (5,373)	16,674 5,373
	49,508	51,400
Capital transactions Purchase of tangible capital assets	 (24,651)	(42,001)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	24,857	9,399
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 100,815	91,416
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 125,672 \$	100,815

December 31, 2020

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Entity

The Board was created under the Municipal Act pursuant to the Corporation of the City of North Bay's By-Law #144-77. It was created to improve or beautify public properties within the designated business improvement area and to generally promote the area as a place of business, shopping and entertainment.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Board are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on an accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable, expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is available for productive use as follows:

Equipment - 3 to 5 years
Signs - 5 years
Computer equipment - 3 to 4 years
Leasehold improvements - 3 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or their estimated useful lives.

In the year of acquisition half of the above stated amount is recorded.

December 31, 2020

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Reserves and Reserve Fund Certain amounts, as approved by the Board, are set aside in

reserves and reserve fund for future operating and capital purposes. Transfers to and/or from reserves and reserve funds are an adjustment to the respective fund when approved.

Revenue Recognition The tax levy is recognized in the tax year that it relates to.

Marketing, fundraising and other revenues are recorded in the period earned, provided collection of the relevant receivable is probable and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be

made.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenues in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and

reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Use of Estimates The preparation of the financial statements in conformity

with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Estimates in these financial statements include the useful life of tangible capital assets. Actual

results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Included in cash and cash equivalents is \$56,709 (2019 - \$56,079) with respect to the Reserve Fund.

December 31, 2020

3.	Accounts Receivable		2020	2019		
	Government of Canada City of North Bay Other	\$	4,889 52,241 650	\$ 1,927 51,240 2,730		
		<u>\$</u>	57,780	\$ 55,897		

4. Related Party Transactions

During the year the Board entered into transactions with the Board's directors in the amount of \$44,995 (2019 - \$11,915). These transactions were measured at exchange amounts being the amounts agreed upon by the two parties.

In the normal course of business, the Board may also purchase services from many of its members.

5.	Accumulated Surplus			
			2020	2019
	Invested in tangible capital assets Reserve fund (i) Current Fund	\$	59,531 56,709 76,598	\$ 42,960 56,079 70,574
	Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	192,838	\$ 169,613
	(i) Reserve fund	_	2020	2019
	Revenues Investment income	\$	630	\$ 1,039
	Expenses		-	-
	Excess of revenues over expenses		630	1,039
	Balance, beginning of year		56,079	55,040
	Balance, end of year	\$	56,709	\$ 56,079

December 31, 2020

6. Tangible Capital Assets

Net carrying amount, end of year

					2020	
	Equipment	Sign	s	Computer Equipment	Total	
Cost, beginning of year	\$ 77,748	\$ 42,274	\$	4,869	\$ 124,891	
Additions Disposals	3,853 -	19,912 -		886	24,651 -	
Cost, end of year	81,601	62,186		5,755	149,542	
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year	38,877	39,523		3,531	81,931	
Amortization Disposals	6,305 -	1,100 -		675 -	8,080 <u>-</u>	
Accumulated amortization, end of year	45,182	40,623		4,206	90,011	
Net carrying amount, end of year	\$ 36,419	\$ 21,563	\$	1,549	\$ 59,531	
						2019
	Equipment	Signs	5	Computer Equipment	Leasehold provements	Total
Cost, beginning of year	\$ 40,144	38,973	\$	3,775	\$ 1,406	\$ 84,298
Additions	37,604	3,301		1,094	-	41,999
Disposals	 -	-		-	(1,406)	(1,406)
Cost, end of year	77,748	42,274		4,869	-	124,891
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year	35,292	38,973		3,140	1,406	78,811
Amortization	3,585	550		391	-	4,526
Disposals	 =	-		-	(1,406)	(1,406)
Accumulated amortization, end of year	38,877	39,523		3,531	-	81,931

38,871 \$

2,751 \$

1,338 \$

42,960

December 31, 2020

Expenses by Object				
	2020		2020	2019
	 Budget		Actual	Actual
Administration				
Wages and statutory benefits				
(management and summer students)	\$ 81,717	\$,	\$ 50,819
Office rent	6,033		6,074	8,814
Telephone and Internet	500		373	1,590
Audit and accounting	3,618		3,618	3,643
Executive director and board members'				
development	500		119	3,970
Office supplies, postage,				
photocopying and other	1,350		764	1,431
Equipment lease	-		-	1,018
Committee meetings	3,800		41	148
Insurance	3,000		3,370	272
Memberships, fees and scholarships	418		672	395
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-		8,080	4,527
Computer system upgrade	1,500		371	1,523
General contingency	 -		-	371
	102,436		62,860	78,521
Marketing				
Advertising and promotion	69,200		45,506	49,202
Beautification				
Maintenance/refurbishment	42,500		66,600	20,320
Economic Development				
Development partnerships	 -		-	87
	\$ 214,136	Ś	174,966	\$ 148,130

December 31, 2020

8. Uncertainty due to COVID-19

The impact of COVID-19 in Canada and on the global economy has been significant. As the impacts of COVID-19 continue, there could be further impact on the Board of Management for the Downtown Improvement Area, its funders, and its members. During the year all planned events were either cancelled or reformatted to be virtual. Funds were redirected from events to gift card promotions. Major sources of revenue such as the tax levy and grants were not impacted. Management expects that this will remain consistent as the pandemic continues.